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NEWS 4 JAN 28 USPATFULL, USPAT2, and USPATOLD enhanced with new  
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NEWS 6 JAN 28 USGENE now provides USPTO sequence data within 3 days  
of publication  
NEWS 7 JAN 28 TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE segment  
NEWS 8 JAN 28 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded with enhancements  
NEWS 9 FEB 08 STN Express, Version 8.3, now available  
NEWS 10 FEB 20 PCI now available as a replacement to DPCI  
NEWS 11 FEB 25 IFIREF reloaded with enhancements  
NEWS 12 FEB 25 IMSPRODUCT reloaded with enhancements  
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U.S. National Patent Classification  
NEWS 14 MAR 31 IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDB enhanced with new custom  
IPC display formats  
NEWS 15 MAR 31 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental  
spectra  
NEWS 16 MAR 31 CA/Caplus and CASREACT patent number format for U.S.  
applications updated  
NEWS 17 MAR 31 LPCI now available as a replacement to LDPCI  
NEWS 18 MAR 31 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements  
NEWS 19 APR 04 STN AnaVist, Version 1, to be discontinued  
  
NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3,  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 20 FEBRUARY 2008  
  
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	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.21	0.21

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 9 APR 2008 HIGHEST RN 1013298-21-9  
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 9 APR 2008 HIGHEST RN 1013298-21-9

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2008.

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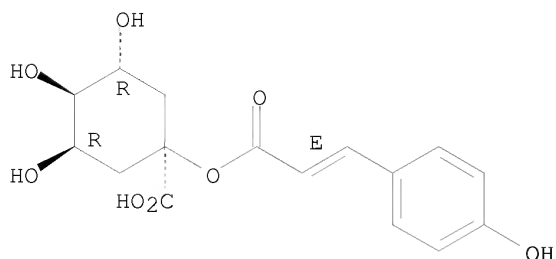
<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stdoc/properties.html>

```
=> s coumaryl quinic acid
      74 COUMARYL
      125 QUINIC
      9355238 ACID
      8239 ACIDS
      9361176 ACID
      (ACID OR ACIDS)
L1      2 COUMARYL QUINIC ACID
      (COUMARYL(W)QUINIC(W)ACID)
```

=> d 11

```
L1  ANSWER 1 OF 2  REGISTRY  COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN  928012-37-7  REGISTRY
ED  Entered STN:  23 Mar 2007
CN  Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 3,4,5-trihydroxy-1-[[ (2E)-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-
    1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl]oxy]-, (1 $\alpha$ ,3R,4 $\alpha$ ,5R)- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN  1-O-p-Coumaroylquinic acid
CN  1-p-Coumarylquinic acid
FS  STEREOSEARCH
DR  53505-94-5
MF  C16 H18 O8
SR  CA
LC  STN Files:  BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS
      (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



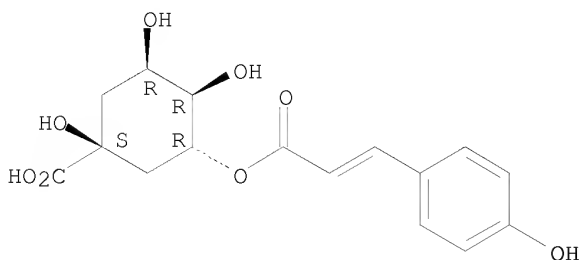
\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> d 11 2

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN  
RN 1899-30-5 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984  
CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 1,3,4-trihydroxy-5-[[3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl]oxy]-, (1S,3R,4R,5R)- (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
CN Cinnamic acid, p-hydroxy-, 3-ester with 1,3,4,5-tetrahydroxycyclohexanecarboxylic acid (7CI, 8CI)  
CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 1,3,4-trihydroxy-5-[[3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]oxy]-, (1S,3R,4R,5R)- (9CI)  
CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 1,3,4-trihydroxy-5-[[3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]oxy]-, [1S-(1 $\alpha$ ,3 $\alpha$ ,4 $\alpha$ ,5 $\beta$ )]-  
OTHER NAMES:  
CN 3-O-p-Coumaroylquinic acid  
CN 3-O-p-Coumarylquinic acid  
CN 3-p-Coumaroylquinic acid  
CN 3-p-Coumarylquinic acid  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
DR 19030-00-3, 19030-11-6  
MF C16 H18 O8  
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, NAPRALERT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry unknown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

181 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
181 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)  
20 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> s 1899-30-5 /rn  
L2 1 1899-30-5 /RN

=> file medicine

FILE 'DRUGMONOG' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

ENTRY

TOTAL

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

21.75

21.96

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CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s l2

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L3 244 L2

=> s l3 and leukemia

L4 15 L3 AND LEUKEMIA

=> dup rem l4

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, DGENE, DRUGMONOG2, IMSPRODUCT, KOSMET, NUTRACEUT, PCTGEN, PHARMAML, USGENE'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4

L5 11 DUP REM L4 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l5 bib abs 1-11

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2007:210325 USPATFULL

TI Herbal composition for treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and a method thereof

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA

Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA

Ray, Mitali, Calcutta, INDIA

Banerjee, Goutam, Calcutta, INDIA

Pal, Bikash Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA

Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA

Bhattacharya, Samir, Calcutta, INDIA

PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, NEW DELHI, INDIA  
(non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2007184131 A1 20070809

AI US 2007-730433 A1 20070402 (11)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2004-960064, filed on 8 Oct 2004, PENDING

Division of Ser. No. US 2002-207039, filed on 30 Jul 2002, GRANTED, Pat.

No. US 6852344 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-772003, filed on  
30 Jan 2001, ABANDONED

PRAI WO 2000-IN118 20001204

US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112, US  
CLMN Number of Claims: 31  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 914  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB A method of treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia  
in animals including humans, using fraction nos. 1 and 9 obtained from  
water:methanol fraction by column chromatography, with ratio of water  
and methanol ranging between 1:5 to 5:1, wherein said water:methanol  
fraction is obtained from the polar extract of Piper betel by HPLC, with  
retention time of 3.6 and 24.0 minutes respectively, with said fractions  
used both individually, and in combination.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2007:184711 USPATFULL  
TI Pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid  
leukemia  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA  
Pal, Bikas Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharyay, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
Mondal, Swapan, Kolkata, INDIA  
Mandal, Chhabinath, Kolkata, INDIA  
Konar, Aditya, Kolkata, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Biswas, Tanusree, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA  
PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, NEW DELHI, INDIA  
(non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2007161704 A1 20070712  
AI US 2006-640401 A1 20061218 (11)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2005-174545, filed on 6 Jul 2005, ABANDONED  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-338689, filed on 9 Jan 2003,  
ABANDONED  
PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112, US  
CLMN Number of Claims: 24  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-44  
DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 817  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB This invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition useful for  
treating chronic myeloid leukemia where Bcr-Abl kinase is  
constitutively expressed in animals and humans, and a treatment of  
chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) by a composition comprising an  
effective amount of analogs and/or salts of chlorogenic acid. The  
analogs are preferably sodium chlorogenate (Na-Chl) or potassium or  
ammonium salts, which were prepared from Chlorogenic acid or its  
analogs.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 1

AN 2005:104652 USPATFULL  
 TI Herbal composition for treating CD33and chronic myeloid leukemia  
 and a method thereof  
 IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Ray, Mitali, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Banerjee, Goutam, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Pal, Bikash Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Bhattacharya, Samir, Calcutta, INDIA  
 PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, NEW DELHI, INDIA  
 (non-U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 2005089585 A1 20050428  
 US 7306817 B2 20071211  
 AI US 2004-960064 A1 20041008 (10)  
 RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-207039, filed on 30 Jul 2002, GRANTED, Pat.  
 No. US 6852344 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-772003, filed on  
 30 Jan 2001, ABANDONED  
 PRAI WO 2000-IN118 20001204  
 US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
 DT Utility  
 FS APPLICATION  
 LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
 10112, US  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 38  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
 LN.CNT 976

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a method of treating CD33+ acute and  
 chronic myeloid leukemia in animals including humans, using  
 fraction nos. 1 and 9 obtained from water:methanol fraction by column  
 chromatography, with ratio of water and methanol ranging between 1:5 to  
 5:1, wherein said water:methanol fraction is obtained from the polar  
 extract of piper betel by HPLC, with retention time of 3.6 and 24.0  
 minutes respectively, with said fractions used both individually, and in  
 combination, and a composition comprising the said fraction nos. 1 and  
 9.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 2  
 AN 2004:57084 USPATFULL  
 TI Herbal based composition for treating acute and chronic myeloid  
 leukemia  
 IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Ray, Mitali, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Pal, Bikash Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Biswas, Tanusree, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
 PI US 2004043086 A1 20040304  
 US 6967034 B2 20051122  
 AI US 2003-448398 A1 20030530 (10)  
 PRAI US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
 DT Utility  
 FS APPLICATION  
 LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
 10112  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 21  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1



DRWN 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 460

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A new herbal-based composition and method for treatment of CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia by Piper betel leaf extracts, and to provide a process for the isolation of active fractions from leaves or any other plant parts of Piper betel to treat CD3 3+ AML and CML with a simplified method of isolation of active components from all plant parts of Piper betel possessing biological activities relevant to the treatment of CD33+ AML and CML.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1160293 CAPLUS

DN 145:443788

TI A method of isolating fraction from aerial parts of Piper betel

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu; Pal, Bikas Chandra; Bhattacharya, Samir; Biswas, Tanusree; Ray, Mitali; Roy, Keshab Chandra; Bandyopadhyay, Gautam

PA Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, India

SO Indian, 21 pp.

CODEN: INXXAP

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	---	-----	-----	-----
PI	IN 195001	A1	20041218	IN 2003-DE755	20030530
PRAI	IN 2003-DE755		20030530		

AB This invention relates to a method of isolating fraction from aerial parts of Piper betel for treatment of CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia. Isolation of fractions have been carried out using polar water soluble solvents. Fractions of Piper betel leaf exts. are also purified by chromatog. methods to obtain 3-O-p-coumarylquinic acid.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:69647 USPATFULL

TI Synergistic composition for treating leukemia

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA

Chandra Pal, Bikash, Kolkata, INDIA

Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA

Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA

Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA

PA Council Of Scientific & Industrial Research, New Delhi, INDIA, 110 001 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2004052874 A1 20040318

AI US 2003-613122 A1 20030707 (10)

PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY, 10112

CLMN Number of Claims: 18

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 685

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides a method of treating acute and chronic myeloid leukemia (AML & CML) and lymphoid leukemia, said method comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically effective amount of chlorogenic acid (CA) and 3-o-p-Coumaryl quinic acid (PCQ) isolated from any plant parts of

Piper betel or any other source, both individually or in a synergistic combination optionally along with pharmaceutically acceptable additives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2004:7898 USPATFULL  
TI Pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA  
Pal, Bikas Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharyay, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
Mondal, Swapan, Calcutta, INDIA  
Mandal, Chhabinath, Calcutta, INDIA  
Konar, Aditya, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Calcutta, INDIA  
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INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2004006138 A1 20040108  
AI US 2003-338689 A1 20030109 (10)  
PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY, 10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 37  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 591

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia where Bcr-Abl kinase is constitutively expressed in animals and humans, said composition comprising an effective amount of analogs of chlorogenic acid such as neochlorogenic acid (5-O-caffeoyl quinic acid), cryptochlorogenic acid (4-O-Caffeoyl quinic acid), 3-O-(3'-methylcaffeoyl) quinic acid and 5-O-(Caffeoyl-4'-methyl) quinic acid and/or its salts such as sodium, potassium and ammonium together with pharmaceutically acceptable additives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3  
AN 2003:971883 CAPLUS  
DN 140:13037  
TI A herbal molecule as potential anti-leukemic drug  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu; Pal, Bikash Chandra; Battacharya, Samir; Roy, Keshab Chandra; Bandyopadhyay, Gautam  
PA Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, India  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 2003101446	A1	20031211	WO 2002-IB5565	20021220
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 UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,  
 FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2488287	A1	20031211	CA 2002-2488287	20021220
AU 2002348746	A1	20031219	AU 2002-348746	20021220
EP 1511475	A1	20050309	EP 2002-781696	20021220
EP 1511475	B1	20051005		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK

CN 1646112	A	20050727	CN 2002-829404	20021220
JP 2005531593	T	20051020	JP 2004-508804	20021220
RU 2314096	C2	20080110	RU 2004-135078	20021220
US 20030229140	A1	20031211	US 2003-338688	20030109
CA 2492278	A1	20040115	CA 2003-2492278	20030110
WO 2004004708	A1	20040115	WO 2003-IB44	20030110
WO 2004004708	A9	20060504		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,  
 CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
 GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,  
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,  
 TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,  
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF,  
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2003201062	A1	20040123	AU 2003-201062	20030110
EP 1524973	A1	20050427	EP 2003-762826	20030110

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

CN 1678300	A	20051005	CN 2003-820559	20030110
JP 2006519752	T	20060831	JP 2004-519034	20030110
US 20040043086	A1	20040304	US 2003-448398	20030530
US 6967034	B2	20051122		
US 20040052874	A1	20040318	US 2003-613122	20030707
IN 2003DE01280	A	20050311	IN 2003-DE1280	20031016
IN 2004DN02396	A	20070406	IN 2004-DN2396	20040817

PRAI US 2002-384163P	P	20020531		
US 2002-393750P	P	20020708		
WO 2002-IB5565	W	20021220		
US 2003-338688	A	20030109		
WO 2003-IB44	W	20030110		
IN 2003-DN643	A3	20030428		
US 2003-613122	A	20030707		

AB The present invention relates to a new use of the compound chlorogenic acid isolated from the piper betel leaf extract or from any other sources for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia, and the present invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising chlorogenic acid along with pharmaceutically acceptable additive for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia.

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5	ANSWER 9 OF 11	USPATFULL on STN	DUPLICATE 4
AN	2003:71049	USPATFULL	
TI	Herbal composition for treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and a method thereof		

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Ray, Mitali, Calcutta, INDIA  
Banerjee, Goutam, Calcutta, INDIA  
Pal, Bikash Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
Bhattacharya, Samir, Calcutta, INDIA  
PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2003049334 A1 20030313  
US 6852344 B2 20050208  
AI US 2002-207039 A1 20020730 (10)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-772003, filed on 30 Jan 2001,  
ABANDONED  
PRAI WO 2000-IN118 20001204  
US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 46  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1041

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a method of treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia in animals including humans, using fraction nos. 1 and 9 obtained from water:methanol fraction by column chromatography, with ratio of water and methanol ranging between 1:5 to 5:1, wherein said water:methanol fraction is obtained from the polar extract of piper betel by HPLC, with retention time of 3.6 and 24.0 minutes respectively, with said fractions used both individually, and in combination, and a composition comprising the said fraction nos. 1 and 9.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:325158 USPATFULL  
TI Herbal molecule as potential anti-leukemic drug  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
Pal, Bikash Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA  
PI US 2003229140 A1 20031211  
AI US 2003-338688 A1 20030109 (10)  
PRAI WO 2002-IB5565 20021220  
US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 49  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 676

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a new use of the compound chlorogenic acid isolated from the piper betel leaf extract or from any other sources for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia, and the present invention also provides

a pharmaceutical composition comprising chloregenic acid along with pharmaceutically acceptable additive for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:133246 USPATFULL  
TI Antimonocytic activity of betel leaf extracts  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
Pal, Bikash, Calcutta, INDIA  
Bhattacharya, Samir, Calcutta, INDIA  
Ray, Mitali, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
PI US 2002068096 A1 20020606  
AI US 2001-772003 A1 20010130 (9)  
PRAI WO 2000-IN118 20001204  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 39  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 364

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to anti-monocytic activity of betel leaf extracts and this anti monocytic activity of betel leaf extracts suggest its use to treat myeloid leukemia in animal and human beings.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

[illegible]

'RN' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
'RN' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
'RN' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE  
L6 3 928012-37-7/RN

=> dup rem 16

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, DGENE, DRUGMONOG2, IMSPRODUCT, KOSMET, NUTRACEUT, PCTGEN, PHARMAML, USGENE'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6

L7 3 DUP REM L6 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s 17 and leukemia

L8 0 L7 AND LEUKEMIA

=> d 17 bib abs 1-3

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2007:16930 CAPLUS

DN 146:301878

TI Profiling the Chlorogenic Acids and Other Caffeic Acid Derivatives of  
Herbal Chrysanthemum by LC-MSn

AU Clifford, Michael N.; Wu, Weiguo; Kirkpatrick, Jo; Kuhnert, Nikolai

CS School of Biomedical and Molecular Sciences, Centre for Nutrition and Food  
Safety, University of Surrey, Guildford, Surrey, GU2 7XH, UK

SO Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (2007), 55(3), 929-936

CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Four samples of herbal chrysanthemum were profiled qual. by LC-MS5 to  
identify their component chlorogenic acids and partially characterize  
other caffeic acid derivs. The chlorogenic acids were minor components,  
and the 4 samples varied markedly in profile. Three p-coumaroylquinic  
acids, 3 feruloylquinic acids, 4 caffeoylquinic acids, 6 dicaffeoylquinic  
acids, and 2 tricaffeoylquinic acids were detected, 13 for the first time  
from this source. Partial characterization of minor components suggested  
the presence of five caffeoyl-hexose esters and caffeic  
acid-4- $\beta$ -D-glucose that have not previously been reported from this  
source, and eight caffeoylquinic acid glycosides and 16 dicaffeoylquinic  
acid glycosides that have not previously been reported in nature.  
Succinic acid-containing chlorogenic acids and chlorogenic acids based on  
epi-quinic acid, previously reported in Chrysanthemum spp., were not  
detected in these samples.

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1081081 CAPLUS

DN 146:415997

TI Genome-wide analysis of the structural genes regulating defense  
phenylpropanoid metabolism in Populus

AU Tsai, Chung-Jui; Harding, Scott A.; Tschaplinski, Timothy J.; Lindroth,  
Richard L.; Yuan, Yinan

CS Biotechnology Research Center, School of Forest Resources and  
Environmental Science, Michigan Technological University, Houghton, MI,  
49931, USA

SO New Phytologist (2006), 172(1), 47-62

CODEN: NEPHAV; ISSN: 0028-646X

PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Salicin-based phenolic glycosides, hydroxycinnamate derivs. and flavonoid-derived condensed tannins comprise up to one-third of Populus leaf dry mass. Genes regulating the abundance and chemical diversity of these substances have not been comprehensively analyzed in tree species exhibiting this metabolically demanding level of phenolic metabolism. Here, shikimate-phenylpropanoid pathway genes thought to give rise to these phenolic products were annotated from the Populus genome, their expression assessed by semiquant. or quant. reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (PCR), and metabolic evidence for function presented. Unlike Arabidopsis, Populus leaves accumulate an array of hydroxycinnamoyl-quinic esters, which is consistent with broadened function of the expanded hydroxycinnamoyl-CoA transferase gene family. Greater flavonoid pathway diversity is also represented, and flavonoid gene families are larger. Consistent with expanded pathway function, most of these genes were upregulated during wound-stimulated condensed tannin synthesis in leaves. The suite of Populus genes regulating phenylpropanoid product accumulation should have important application in managing phenolic carbon pools in relation to climate change and global carbon cycling.

RE.CNT 86 THERE ARE 86 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN  
AN 1974:576186 CAPLUS  
DN 81:176186  
OREF 81:27167a,27170a  
TI Polarimetric analysis of hydroxycinnamic acid esters  
AU Dranik, L. I.; Litvinenko, V. I.  
CS Khar'k. Nauchno-Issled. Khim.-Farm. Inst., Kharkov, USSR  
SO Fenol'nye Soedin. Ikh Fiziol. Svoistva, Mater. Vses. Simp. Fenol'nym Soedin., 2nd (1973), Meeting Date 1971, 176-80. Editor(s): Klyshev, L. K. Publisher: "Nauka" Kaz. SSR, Alma-Ata, USSR.  
CODEN: 28MHAX  
DT Conference  
LA Russian  
AB Polarimetric measurements of the following esters of quinic acid were performed: 1-caFFEyl, 1-feruloyl, 1-(p-coumaroyl), 1-galloyl, 5-caFFEyl, 5-(p-coumaroyl), 5-galloyl, 3-pheruloyl, 3-(p-coumaroyl), 3-galloyl, 4-caFFEyl, 4-(p-coumaroyl), 4-galloyl, 4,5-dicaFFEyl, 1,5-dicaFFEyl, 1,4-dicaFFEyl, and 4,5-digalloyl. For measurements the substances were dissolved in either H<sub>2</sub>O, MeOH, or Me<sub>2</sub>CO. Conformations of the esters measured were suggested.

=> s 13 and cancer

8 FILES SEARCHED...

L9 18 L3 AND CANCER

=> dup rem 19

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, DGENE, DRUGMONOG2, IMSPRODUCT, KOSMET, NUTRACEUT, PCTGEN, PHARMAML, USGENE'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9

L10 12 DUP REM L9 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 110 1-12 bib abs

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2007:210325 USPATFULL  
TI Herbal composition for treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and a method thereof  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA

Ray, Mitali, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Banerjee, Goutam, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Pal, Bikash Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Bhattacharya, Samir, Calcutta, INDIA  
 PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, NEW DELHI, INDIA  
 (non-U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 2007184131 A1 20070809  
 AI US 2007-730433 A1 20070402 (11)  
 RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2004-960064, filed on 8 Oct 2004, PENDING  
 Division of Ser. No. US 2002-207039, filed on 30 Jul 2002, GRANTED, Pat.  
 No. US 6852344 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-772003, filed on  
 30 Jan 2001, ABANDONED  
 PRAI WO 2000-IN118 20001204  
 US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
 DT Utility  
 FS APPLICATION  
 LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
 10112, US  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 31  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
 LN.CNT 914  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB A method of treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia in animals  
 including humans, using fraction nos. 1 and 9 obtained from  
 water:methanol fraction by column chromatography, with ratio of water  
 and methanol ranging between 1:5 to 5:1, wherein said water:methanol  
 fraction is obtained from the polar extract of Piper betel by HPLC, with  
 retention time of 3.6 and 24.0 minutes respectively, with said fractions  
 used both individually, and in combination.  
  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
  
 L10 ANSWER 2 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN  
 AN 2007:184711 USPATFULL  
 TI Pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia  
 IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Pal, Bikas Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Bhattacharyay, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Mondal, Swapan, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Mandal, Chhabinath, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Konar, Aditya, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Biswas, Tanusree, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA  
 PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, NEW DELHI, INDIA  
 (non-U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 2007161704 A1 20070712  
 AI US 2006-640401 A1 20061218 (11)  
 RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2005-174545, filed on 6 Jul 2005, ABANDONED  
 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-338689, filed on 9 Jan 2003,  
 ABANDONED  
 PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
 DT Utility  
 FS APPLICATION  
 LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
 10112, US  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 24  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-44  
 DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)  
 LN.CNT 817



CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia where Bcr-Abl kinase is constitutively expressed in animals and humans, and a treatment of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) by a composition comprising an effective amount of analogs and/or salts of chlorogenic acid. The analogs are preferably sodium chlorogenate (Na-Chl) or potassium or ammonium salts, which were prepared from Chlorogenic acid or its analogs.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

AN 2007:1372987 CAPLUS

DN 148:190778

TI Polyphenols Are Intensively Metabolized in the Human Gastrointestinal Tract after Apple Juice Consumption

AU Kahle, Kathrin; Huemmer, Wolfgang; Kempf, Michael; Scheppach, Wolfgang; Erk, Thomas; Richling, Elke

CS Department of Food Chemistry, University of Wuerzburg, Wuerzburg, Germany

SO Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (2007), 55(26), 10605-10614

CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Polyphenols are secondary plant compds. showing anticarcinogenic effects both in vitro and in animal expts. and may thus reduce the risk of colorectal cancer in man. The identification of polyphenol metabolites formed via their passage through the small intestine of healthy ileostomy subjects after apple juice consumption is presented. Identification and quantification of polyphenols and their metabolites were performed using HPLC-DAD as well as HPLC-ESI-MS/MS. Total procyanidin content (TPA) was measured, and addnl. the mean d.p. (DPM) of the procyanidins was determined in the apple juice and ileostomy effluents. As products of polyphenol metabolism, D-(-)-quinic acid and Me esters of caffeic acid and p-coumaric acid are liberated from the corresponding hydroxycinnamic acid esters. 1-Caffeoylquinic acid and 3-caffeoylquinic acid were determined as products of isomerization. Phloretin 2'-O-glucoside (phloridzin) and phloretin 2'-O-xyloglucoside were metabolized into the corresponding aglycons phloretin and phloretin 2'-O-glucuronide and all were found in the ileostomy effluent. Ninety percent of the consumed procyanidins were recovered in the ileostomy effluent and therefore would reach the colon under physiol. circumstances. The DPM was reduced (DPM of apple juice = 5.7) and varied depending on the time point of excretion. The gastrointestinal passage seems to play an important role in the colonic availability of apple polyphenols.

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

AN 2006:256838 CAPLUS

DN 145:241079

TI Apple flavonoids inhibit growth of HT29 human colon cancer cells and modulate expression of genes involved in the biotransformation of xenobiotics

AU Veeriah, Selvaraju; Kautenburger, Tanja; Habermann, Nina; Sauer, Julia; Dietrich, Helmut; Will, Frank; Pool-Zobel, Beatrice Louise

CS Department of Nutritional Toxicology, Institute for Nutrition,

Friedrich-Schiller-University, Jena, Germany

SO Molecular Carcinogenesis (2006), 45(3), 164-174

CODEN: MOCAE8; ISSN: 0899-1987

PB Wiley-Liss, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Flavonoids from fruits and vegetables probably reduce risks of diseases

associated with oxidative stress, including cancer. Apples contain significant amts. of flavonoids with antioxidative potential. The objectives of this study were to investigate such compds. for properties associated with reduction of cancer risks. We report herein that apple flavonoids from an apple extract (AE) inhibit colon cancer cell growth and significantly modulate expression of genes related to xenobiotic metabolism. HT29 cells were treated with AE at concns. delivering 5-50  $\mu$ M of one of the major ingredients, phloridzin ("phloridzin-equivalent," Ph.E), to the cell culture medium, with a synthetic flavonoid mixture mimicking the composition of the AE or with 5-100  $\mu$ M individual flavonoids. HT29 cell growth was inhibited by the complex extract and by the mixture. HT29 cells were treated with nontoxic doses of the AE (30  $\mu$ M, Ph.E) and after 24 h total RNA was isolated to elucidate patterns of gene expression using a human cDNA-microarray (SuperArray) spotted with 96 genes of drug metabolism. Treatment with AE resulted in an upregulation of several genes (GSTP1, GSTT2, MGST2, CYP4F3, CHST5, CHST6, and CHST7) and downregulation of EPHX1, in comparison to the medium controls. The enhanced transcriptional activity of GSTP1 and GSTT2 genes was confirmed with real-time qRT-PCR. On the basis of the pattern of differential gene expression found here, we conclude that apple flavonoids modulate toxicol. defense against colon cancer risk factors. In addition to the inhibition of tumor cell proliferation, this could be a mechanism of cancer risk reduction.

RE.CNT 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 3  
AN 2005:104652 USPATFULL  
TI Herbal composition for treating CD33and chronic myeloid leukemia and a method thereof  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Ray, Mitali, Calcutta, INDIA  
Banerjee, Goutam, Calcutta, INDIA  
Pal, Bikash Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
Bhattacharya, Samir, Calcutta, INDIA  
PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, NEW DELHI, INDIA  
(non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2005089585 A1 20050428  
US 7306817 B2 20071211  
AI US 2004-960064 A1 20041008 (10)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-207039, filed on 30 Jul 2002, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6852344 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-772003, filed on 30 Jan 2001, ABANDONED  
PRAI WO 2000-IN118 20001204  
US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY, 10112, US  
CLMN Number of Claims: 38  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 976  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a method of treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia in animals including humans, using fraction nos. 1 and 9 obtained from water:methanol fraction by column chromatography, with ratio of water and methanol ranging between 1:5 to 5:1, wherein said water:methanol fraction is obtained from the polar extract of piper betel by HPLC, with retention time of 3.6 and 24.0

minutes respectively, with said fractions used both individually, and in combination, and a composition comprising the said fraction nos. 1 and 9.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4  
AN 2006:50637 CAPLUS  
DN 145:313988  
TI Colonic availability of apple polyphenols - a study in ileostomy subjects  
AU Kahle, Kathrin; Kraus, Michael; Scheppach, Wolfgang; Richling, Elke  
CS Department of Food Chemistry, University of Wuerzburg, Wuerzburg, Germany  
SO Molecular Nutrition & Food Research (2005), 49(12), 1143-1150  
CODEN: MNFRCV; ISSN: 1613-4125  
PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB Nutrition is thought to play an essential role in the pathogenesis of inflammatory and malignant gastrointestinal diseases. It is well known that plant ingredients such as polyphenols and flavonoids show anticarcinogenic effects both in vitro and in animal expts., and may thus reduce the risk of colorectal cancer in man. The aim of the study was to determine the amount of polyphenols reaching the colon after oral intake of apple juice. After consumption of a polyphenol-free diet 11 healthy ileostomy volunteers drank 1 L of a polyphenol-rich cloudy apple juice. Ileostomy effluent was collected immediately before and 1, 2, 4, 6, and 8 h after consumption of apple juice. A broad spectrum of polyphenols was identified using HPLC-diode array detection (HPLC-DAD) as well as HPLC-ESI-MS/MS; quantitation was performed with HPLC-DAD. Most of the orally administered apple polyphenols were absorbed from or metabolized in the small intestine. Between 0 and 33% of the oral dose was recovered in the ileostomy bags with a maximum of excretion after 2 h. Phloretin glucuronide as product of polyphenol metabolism was detected in the ileostomy effluent. The present results show that most of the apple juice polyphenols are absorbed in the small intestine. Minor amts. of unmetabolized polyphenols are recovered in the ileostomy effluent, which would reach the colon under physiol. circumstances. These data have to be considered when polyphenols are used in model systems to show preventive effects in colorectal carcinogenesis.

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:457191 CAPLUS  
DN 144:68997  
TI Inhibitors of the epidermal growth factor receptor in apple juice extract  
AU Kern, Melanie; Tjaden, Zeina; Ngiewih, Yufanyi; Puppel, Nicole; Will, Frank; Dietrich, Helmut; Pahlke, Gudrun; Marko, Doris  
CS Department of Chemistry, Division of Food Chemistry and Environmental Toxicology, University of Kaiserslautern, Kaiserslautern, Germany  
SO Molecular Nutrition & Food Research (2005), 49(4), 317-328  
CODEN: MNFRCV; ISSN: 1613-4125  
PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB The polyphenol-rich extract of a consumer-relevant apple juice blend was found to potently inhibit the growth of the human colon cancer cell line HT29 in vitro. The epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) and its subsequent signaling cascade play an important role in the regulation of cell proliferation in HT29 cells. The protein tyrosine kinase activity of an EGFR preparation was effectively inhibited by the polyphenol-rich apple juice extract. Treatment of intact cells with this extract resulted in the

suppression of the subsequent mitogen-activated protein kinase cascade. Amongst the so far identified apple juice constituents, the proanthocyanidins B1 and B2 as well as quercetin-3-glc (isoquercitrin) and quercetin-3-gal (hyperoside) were found to possess substantial EGFR-inhibitory properties. However, as to be expected from the final concentration of these potential EGFR inhibitors in the original

polyphenol-rich

extract, a synthetic mixture of the apple juice constituents identified and available so far, including both proanthocyanidins and the quercetin glycosides, showed only marginal inhibitory effects on the EGFR. These results permit the assumption that yet unknown constituents contribute substantially to the potent EGFR-inhibitory properties of polyphenol-rich apple juice extract. In summary, the polyphenol composition of apple juice possesses promising growth-inhibitory properties, affecting proliferation-associated signaling cascades in colon tumor cells.

RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 8 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 5  
AN 2004:57084 USPATFULL  
TI Herbal based composition for treating acute and chronic myeloid leukemia  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Ray, Mitali, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA  
Pal, Bikash Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Biswas, Tanusree, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
PI US 2004043086 A1 20040304  
US 6967034 B2 20051122  
AI US 2003-448398 A1 20030530 (10)  
PRAI US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY, 10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 21  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 7 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 460  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB A new herbal-based composition and method for treatment of CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia by Piper betel leaf extracts, and to provide a process for the isolation of active fractions from leaves or any other plant parts of Piper betel to treat CD3 3+ AML and CML with a simplified method of isolation of active components from all plant parts of Piper betel possessing biological activities relevant to the treatment of CD33+ AML and CML.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 9 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2004:69647 USPATFULL  
TI Synergistic composition for treating leukemia  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA  
Chandra Pal, Bikash, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA  
PA Council Of Scientific & Industrial Research, New Delhi, INDIA, 110 001 (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2004052874 A1 20040318

AI US 2003-613122 A1 20030707 (10)  
PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 18  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 685  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention provides a method of treating acute and chronic  
myeloid leukemia (AML & CML) and lymphoid leukemia, said method  
comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising  
pharmaceutically effective amount of chlorogenic acid (CA) and  
3-o-p-Coumaryl quinic acid (PCQ) isolated from any plant parts of Piper  
betel or any other source, both individually or in a synergistic  
combination optionally along with pharmaceutically acceptable additives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 10 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2004:7898 USPATFULL  
TI Pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA  
Pal, Bikas Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharyay, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
Mondal, Swapan, Calcutta, INDIA  
Mandal, Chhabinath, Calcutta, INDIA  
Konar, Aditya, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Calcutta, INDIA  
PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC (non-U.S. corporation)  
INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2004006138 A1 20040108  
AI US 2003-338689 A1 20030109 (10)  
PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 37  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 591

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition useful for  
treating chronic myeloid leukemia where Bcr-Abl kinase is constitutively  
expressed in animals and humans, said composition comprising an  
effective amount of analogs of chlorogenic acid such as neochlorogenic  
acid (5-O-caffeoyl quinic acid), cryptochlorogenic acid (4-O-Caffeoyl  
quinic acid), 3-O-(3'-methylcaffeoyl) quinic acid and  
5-O-(Caffeoyl-4'-methyl) quinic acid and/or its salts such as sodium,  
potassium and ammonium together with pharmaceutically acceptable  
additives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 6  
AN 2003:71049 USPATFULL  
TI Herbal composition for treating CD33+ acute and chronic myeloid leukemia

and a method thereof

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Ray, Mitali, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Banerjee, Goutam, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Pal, Bikash Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Bhattacharya, Samir, Calcutta, INDIA

PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003049334 A1 20030313  
 US 6852344 B2 20050208

AI US 2002-207039 A1 20020730 (10)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-772003, filed on 30 Jan 2001,  
 ABANDONED

PRAI WO 2000-IN118 20001204  
 US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
 10112

CLMN Number of Claims: 46

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1041

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a method of treating CD33+ acute and  
 chronic myeloid leukemia in animals including humans, using fraction  
 nos. 1 and 9 obtained from water:methanol fraction by column  
 chromatography, with ratio of water and methanol ranging between 1:5 to  
 5:1, wherein said water:methanol fraction is obtained from the polar  
 extract of piper betel by HPLC, with retention time of 3.6 and 24.0  
 minutes respectively, with said fractions used both individually, and in  
 combination, and a composition comprising the said fraction nos. 1 and  
 9.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:325158 USPATFULL

TI Herbal molecule as potential anti-leukemic drug

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
 Pal, Bikash Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
 Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA

PI US 2003229140 A1 20031211

AI US 2003-338688 A1 20030109 (10)

PRAI WO 2002-IB5565 20021220  
 US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
 US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
 10112

CLMN Number of Claims: 49

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 676

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a new use of the compound chlorogenic  
 acid isolated from the piper betel leaf extract or from any other  
 sources for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and

lymphoid leukemia, and the present invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising chlorogenic acid along with pharmaceutically acceptable additive for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> s 13 and tumor

28 FILES SEARCHED...

L11 15 L3 AND TUMOR

=> s 13 and tumour

L12 0 L3 AND TUMOUR

=> dup rem l11

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, DGENE, DRUGMONOG2, IMSPRODUCT, KOSMET, NUTRACEUT, PCTGEN, PHARMAML, USGENE'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11

L13 9 DUP REM L11 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l13 bib abs 1-9

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2007:184711 USPATFULL

TI Pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA

Pal, Bikas Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA

Bhattacharyay, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA

Mondal, Swapan, Kolkata, INDIA

Mandal, Chhabinath, Kolkata, INDIA

Konar, Aditya, Kolkata, INDIA

Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA

Biswas, Tanusree, Kolkata, INDIA

Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA

PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, NEW DELHI, INDIA  
(non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2007161704 A1 20070712

AI US 2006-640401 A1 20061218 (11)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2005-174545, filed on 6 Jul 2005, ABANDONED  
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-338689, filed on 9 Jan 2003,  
ABANDONED

PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 24

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-44

DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 817

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia where Bcr-Abl kinase is constitutively expressed in animals and humans, and a treatment of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) by a composition comprising an effective amount of analogs and/or salts of chlorogenic acid. The analogs are preferably sodium chlorogenate (Na-Chl) or potassium or ammonium salts, which were prepared from Chlorogenic acid or its analogs.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2007:334525 CAPLUS

DN 146:513979

TI Apple Polyphenols and Products Formed in the Gut Differently Inhibit Survival of Human Cell Lines Derived from Colon Adenoma (LT97) and Carcinoma (HT29)

AU Veeriah, Selvaraju; Hofmann, Thomas; Glei, Michael; Dietrich, Helmut; Will, Frank; Schreier, Peter; Knaup, Bastian; Pool-Zobel, Beatrice Louise

CS Department of Nutritional Toxicology, Institute for Nutrition, Friedrich-Schiller-University, Jena, D-07743, Germany

SO Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (2007), 55(8), 2892-2900  
CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Colorectal tumor risks could be reduced by polyphenol-rich diets that inhibit cell growth. Here, apple polyphenols were studied for effects on the survival of colon adenoma (LT97) and carcinoma-derived (HT29) cell lines. Three apple exts. (AEs) from harvest years 2002-2004 were isolated (AE02, AE03, and AE04) and fermented in vitro with human fecal flora. Exts. and fermentation products were analyzed for polyphenols

with

HPLC. The cells were treated with AEs (0-850 µg/mL) or fermented AEs (F-AEs, 0-9%), and survival was measured by DNA staining. All AEs contained high amts. of polyphenols (311-534 mg/g) and reduced cell survival (in LT97 > HT29). AE03 was most potent, possibly because it contained more quercetin compds. Fermentation of AEs resulted in an increase

of

short chain fatty acids, and polyphenols were degraded. The F-AEs were .apprx.3-fold less bioactive than the corresponding AEs, pointing to a loss of chemoprotective properties through fermentation

RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

AN 2006:256838 CAPLUS

DN 145:241079

TI Apple flavonoids inhibit growth of HT29 human colon cancer cells and modulate expression of genes involved in the biotransformation of xenobiotics

AU Veeriah, Selvaraju; Kautenburger, Tanja; Habermann, Nina; Sauer, Julia; Dietrich, Helmut; Will, Frank; Pool-Zobel, Beatrice Louise

CS Department of Nutritional Toxicology, Institute for Nutrition, Friedrich-Schiller-University, Jena, Germany

SO Molecular Carcinogenesis (2006), 45(3), 164-174  
CODEN: MOCAE8; ISSN: 0899-1987

PB Wiley-Liss, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Flavonoids from fruits and vegetables probably reduce risks of diseases associated with oxidative stress, including cancer. Apples contain significant amts. of flavonoids with antioxidative potential. The objectives of this study were to investigate such compds. for properties associated with reduction of cancer risks. We report herein that apple flavonoids from an apple extract (AE) inhibit colon cancer cell growth and significantly modulate expression of genes related to xenobiotic metabolism HT29 cells were treated with AE at concns. delivering 5-50 µM of one of the major ingredients, phloridzin ("phloridzin-equivalent," Ph.E), to the cell culture medium, with a synthetic flavonoid mixture mimicking the composition of the AE or with 5-100 µM individual flavonoids. HT29 cell growth was inhibited by the complex extract and by the mixture HT29 cells were treated



with nontoxic doses of the AE (30  $\mu$ M, Ph.E) and after 24 h total RNA was isolated to elucidate patterns of gene expression using a human cDNA-microarray (SuperArray) spotted with 96 genes of drug metabolism. Treatment with AE resulted in an upregulation of several genes (GSTP1, GSTT2, MGST2, CYP4F3, CHST5, CHST6, and CHST7) and downregulation of EPHX1, in comparison to the medium controls. The enhanced transcriptional activity of GSTP1 and GSTT2 genes was confirmed with real-time qRT-PCR. On the basis of the pattern of differential gene expression found here, we conclude that apple flavonoids modulate toxicol. defense against colon cancer risk factors. In addition to the inhibition of tumor cell proliferation, this could be a mechanism of cancer risk reduction

RE.CNT 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2005:457191 CAPLUS

DN 144:68997

TI Inhibitors of the epidermal growth factor receptor in apple juice extract

AU Kern, Melanie; Tjaden, Zeina; Ngiewih, Yufanyi; Puppel, Nicole; Will, Frank; Dietrich, Helmut; Pahlke, Gudrun; Marko, Doris

CS Department of Chemistry, Division of Food Chemistry and Environmental Toxicology, University of Kaiserslautern, Kaiserslautern, Germany

SO Molecular Nutrition & Food Research (2005), 49(4), 317-328

CODEN: MNFRCV; ISSN: 1613-4125

PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DT Journal

LA English

AB The polyphenol-rich extract of a consumer-relevant apple juice blend was found to potently inhibit the growth of the human colon cancer cell line HT29 in vitro. The epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) and its subsequent signaling cascade play an important role in the regulation of cell proliferation in HT29 cells. The protein tyrosine kinase activity of an EGFR preparation was effectively inhibited by the polyphenol-rich apple juice extract. Treatment of intact cells with this extract resulted in the suppression of the subsequent mitogen-activated protein kinase cascade. Amongst the so far identified apple juice constituents, the proanthocyanidins B1 and B2 as well as quercetin-3-glc (isoquercitrin) and quercetin-3-gal (hyperoside) were found to possess substantial EGFR-inhibitory properties. However, as to be expected from the final concentration of these potential EGFR inhibitors in the original

polyphenol-rich

extract, a synthetic mixture of the apple juice constituents identified and available so far, including both proanthocyanidins and the quercetin glycosides, showed only marginal inhibitory effects on the EGFR. These results permit the assumption that yet unknown constituents contribute substantially to the potent EGFR-inhibitory properties of polyphenol-rich apple juice extract. In summary, the polyphenol composition of apple juice possesses promising growth-inhibitory properties, affecting proliferation-associated signaling cascades in colon tumor cells.

RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

AN 2004:780424 CAPLUS

DN 141:266084

TI Extracorporeal blood treatment system using ultraviolet light and filters

IN Mallett, Scott R.; Davidner, Alan A.; Walker, Kimberly A.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 9

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 20040186412	A1	20040923	US 2003-391453	20030317
	WO 2004082737	A2	20040930	WO 2004-US7590	20040312
	WO 2004082737	A3	20050512		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

	US 20060210424	A1	20060921	US 2006-417717	20060503
PRAI	US 2003-390558	A	20030317		
	US 2003-390565	A	20030317		
	US 2003-390572	A	20030317		
	US 2003-391443	A	20030317		
	US 2003-391444	A	20030317		
	US 2003-391445	A	20030317		
	US 2003-391453	A	20030317		
	US 2003-391454	A	20030317		
	US 2003-391455	A	20030317		

AB A method and apparatus for preventing and treating septicemia in patient blood is provided. The extracorporeal system includes an antimicrobial device to inactivate at least 99% of blood-borne microorganisms, a hemoconcentrator/filtration unit to remove approx. 50-75% of target mols. from the patient blood and a filter unit to remove target mols. from patient blood from the sieved plasma filtrate. Target mols. are produced by microorganisms, as well as by the patient's cells. These mols. include endotoxins from Gram neg. bacteria, exotoxins from Gram neg. and Gram pos. bacteria, as well as RAP protein mediator from Staphylococcus aureus , and cell mediators such as tumor necrosis factor-alpha, and interleukin 1-beta, interleukin 6, complement proteins C3a and C5a, and bradykinin. Over one thousand in vitro expts. were conducted using several embodiments of the present invention. Factors investigated included appropriate UV transparent material, hematocrit of blood for optimal UV absorption, ideal blood flow path for adequate UV exposure, ideal UV dosage, ideal pore size of hemofilters, ideal surface area of hemofilters, ideal blood model, development of porcine cytokine assays, various circuit coatings and optimal flow rates.

L13 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

AN 2004:780423 CAPLUS

DN 141:266083

TI Irradiation and filter device for treatment of blood

IN Mallett, Scott R.; Davidner, Alan A.; Walker, Kimberly A.

PA Hemavation, USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 9

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 20040186411	A1	20040923	US 2003-390572	20030317
	US 7229427	B2	20070612		
	WO 2004082737	A2	20040930	WO 2004-US7590	20040312
	WO 2004082737	A3	20050512		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,

CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRAI US 2003-390558 A 20030317  
 US 2003-390565 A 20030317  
 US 2003-390572 A 20030317  
 US 2003-391443 A 20030317  
 US 2003-391444 A 20030317  
 US 2003-391445 A 20030317  
 US 2003-391453 A 20030317  
 US 2003-391454 A 20030317  
 US 2003-391455 A 20030317

AB A method and apparatus for preventing and treating septicemia in patient blood is provided. The extracorporeal system includes an antimicrobial device to inactivate at least 99% of blood-borne microorganisms, a hemoconcentrator/filtration unit to remove approx. 50-75% of target mols. from the patient blood and a filter unit to remove target mols. from patient blood from the sieved plasma filtrate. Target mols. are produced by microorganisms, as well as by the patient's cells. These mols. include endotoxins from Gram neg. bacteria, exotoxins from Gram neg. and Gram pos. bacteria, as well as RAP protein mediator from Staphylococcus aureus, and cell mediators such as tumor necrosis factor-alpha, and interleukin 1-beta, interleukin 6, complement proteins C3a and C5a, and bradykinin. Over one thousand in vitro expts. were conducted using several embodiments of the present invention. Factors investigated included appropriate UV transparent material, hematocrit of blood for optimal UV absorption, ideal blood flow path for adequate UV exposure, ideal UV dosage, ideal pore size of hemofilters, ideal surface area of hemofilters, ideal blood model, development of porcine cytokine assays, various circuit coatings and optimal flow rates.

RE.CNT 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 7 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:69647 USPATFULL

TI Synergistic composition for treating leukemia

IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA

Chandra Pal, Bikash, Kolkata, INDIA

Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA

Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA

Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA

PA Council Of Scientific & Industrial Research, New Delhi, INDIA, 110 001 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2004052874 A1 20040318

AI US 2003-613122 A1 20030707 (10)

PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY, 10112

CLMN Number of Claims: 18

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 685

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides a method of treating acute and chronic myeloid leukemia (AML & CML) and lymphoid leukemia, said method

comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically effective amount of chlorogenic acid (CA) and 3-o-p-Coumaryl quinic acid (PCQ) isolated from any plant parts of Piper betel or any other source, both individually or in a synergistic combination optionally along with pharmaceutically acceptable additives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2004:7898 USPATFULL  
TI Pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Kolkata, INDIA  
Pal, Bikas Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharyay, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
Mondal, Swapan, Calcutta, INDIA  
Mandal, Chhabinath, Calcutta, INDIA  
Konar, Aditya, Calcutta, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Calcutta, INDIA  
Biswas, Tanusree, Calcutta, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Calcutta, INDIA  
PA COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC (non-U.S. corporation)  
INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2004006138 A1 20040108  
AI US 2003-338689 A1 20030109 (10)  
PRAI US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,  
10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 37  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 591

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition useful for treating chronic myeloid leukemia where Bcr-Abl kinase is constitutively expressed in animals and humans, said composition comprising an effective amount of analogs of chlorogenic acid such as neochlorogenic acid (5-O-caffeoyl quinic acid), cryptochlorogenic acid (4-O-Caffeoyl quinic acid), 3-O-(3'-methylcaffeoyl) quinic acid and 5-O-(Caffeoyl-4'-methyl) quinic acid and/or its salts such as sodium, potassium and ammonium together with pharmaceutically acceptable additives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2003:325158 USPATFULL  
TI Herbal molecule as potential anti-leukemic drug  
IN Bandyopadhyay, Santu, Calcutta, INDIA  
Pal, Bikash Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bhattacharya, Samir, Kolkata, INDIA  
Roy, Keshab Chandra, Kolkata, INDIA  
Bandyopadhyay, Gautam, Kolkata, INDIA  
PI US 2003229140 A1 20031211  
AI US 2003-338688 A1 20030109 (10)  
PRAI WO 2002-IB5565 20021220  
US 2002-384163P 20020531 (60)  
US 2002-393750P 20020708 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,

10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 49  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 676

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a new use of the compound chlorogenic acid isolated from the piper betel leaf extract or from any other sources for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia, and the present invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising chloregenic acid along with pharmaceutically acceptable additive for the treatment of acute and chronic myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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---Logging off of STN---

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Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	159.45	181.41
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-11.20	-11.20

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:56:39 ON 10 APR 2008